

AT&T Cybersecurity

2023 Edge Ecosystem



Focus on Finance

AT&T CYBERSECURITY INSIGHTS™ REPORT

2023

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About this Report

This report is a special industry report with a focus on finance and derived from the quantitative and qualitative research and analysis conducted for the full 2023 AT&T Cybersecurity Insights Report: Edge Ecosystem. For additional information and details about securing the edge, we encourage you to download a free copy of the full report at: cybersecurity.att.com/insights-report.

About the Research

The research was conducted during July and August 2022. We surveyed 1,418 security practitioners from the United States, Canada, the United Kingdom, France, Germany, Ireland, Mexico, Brazil, Argentina, Australia, India, Singapore, and South Korea. Respondents come from organizations with 1,000+ employees except for US SLED and energy and utilities verticals. Respondents were limited to those whose organizations have implemented edge use cases that use newer technologies such as 5G, robotics, virtual reality, and/or IoT devices. Respondents are involved in decision-making for edge use cases, including cybersecurity, that involves new technologies such as 5G and IoT devices. For certain questions, participants could choose more than one response. In these cases, the responses do not round to exactly 100%. Where indicated, this report focuses on the data collected from 204 finance respondents



The Edge Ecosystem in Finance

n the past, IT typically made technology decisions based on business and computing requirements they understood. Thanks to ongoing advances in computing, things are changing.

Welcome to edge computing in 2023.

Edge computing is a transformative technology that brings together various stakeholders and aligns their interests to drive integrated business outcomes. The emergence of edge computing has been fueled by a generation of visionaries who grew up in the era of smartphones and limitless possibilities. In this paradigm, the role of IT has shifted from being the sole leader to a collaborative partner in delivering innovative edge computing solutions. In addition, we found that leaders in finance are budgeting differently for edge use cases. These two things, along with an expanded approach to securing edge computing, were prioritized by the respondents in the 2023 AT&T Cybersecurity Insights Report: Edge Ecosystem.

Topline research findings

In 2023, the finance respondents' primary edge use case is real-time fraud prevention. Finance uses edge for a competitive advantage to monitor bank accounts, financial transactions, accounting invoices, purchase orders and other financial documents, and analyze data through enriched machine learning techniques.

The goal is to improve the ability to identify potentially fraudulent activity in near-real time (take that, Ocean's 11).

Edge computing helps the financial industry by enabling faster, smarter, and more secure data processing and analytics at the network's edge. Edge computing can improve the customer experience, reduce operational costs, comply with regulations, and enhance security. All of this allows for better decision-making and provides inventory intelligence that can be used to remain competitive while innovating.

AT A GLANCE

Edge computing in finance is still emerging. The ability to make finance a better experience for consumers and more efficient for operators is a new reality. But it does not happen by accident or in isolation. Cross-functional collaboration among groups that don't normally work together and building-in security from the start is a smart way to tap the potential of these exciting use cases that will meet the stakeholders' expectations.

2023

Devices are changing in finance

Unlike the other verticals, personal computers are the top finance endpoint, accounting for 49% of the device category. In addition, 79% of respondents utilize private 5G cellular networks for edge connectivity. For security, 52% of the respondents use a combined cybersecurity and networking function in the cloud or an onpremises location. The top perceived threat in this context is business email compromise, which is an email cybercrime scam in which an attacker targets businesses to defraud the company by posing as a trusted figure and requesting money or information.

And it's just the beginning

One of the most promising aspects of edge computing is its potential to cost-effectively benefit environmental, social, and governance (ESG) goals at both an institutional and a personal level. The research conducted for the 2023 AT&T Cybersecurity Insights Report highlighted two notable use cases: ATMs and self-service banking.

- ATMs use edge computing to enable real-time fraud detection and prevention. By analyzing the video feed from CCTV cameras and using facial recognition software, edge devices can identify potential fraudsters and alert the bank or the police, or even lock down the ATMs if necessary. This can protect the customers' money and the bank's reputation and ensure regulatory compliance.
- Edge computing enhances self-service banking by enabling faster, smarter, and more secure data processing and analytics at the network's edge. For example, edge computing can help banks implement chatbots, robots, and fraud detection mechanisms to improve customer experience, reduce operational costs, comply with regulations, and enhance security.

Collaboration is critical for development

The edge ecosystem in finance requires collaboration among various stakeholders, including line-of-business leaders, research and development, customers, innovators, legal, compliance, transportation and logistics employees, networking, cybersecurity, and IT experts. Successful edge computing use cases are more likely to succeed when stakeholders, with all their unique perspectives, frameworks, and priorities, are engaged early and often – throughout research, ideation, proof-of-concept, and implementation.

Edge computing is new and different – it requires input from various stakeholders with possible conflicting priorities. As finance teams continue to innovate with edge computing, aligning stakeholders and architecting use cases as one entity with a stated and agreed-upon business outcome is critical. Across all stakeholders, issues such as data regulations, compliance, and security need to be considered holistically. This means proper planning, budgeting, and collaboration are central to delivering a successful edge computing use case.

The research found that engaging trusted advisors from internal and external sources is a priority for those embarking on an edge computing path. The report reveals that 66% of finance respondents rely on external expertise for project planning and 77% for production. Seeking external advice can streamline processes, save time, and reduce costs, whether designing an access management approach, ensuring data integrity, or selecting the appropriate tools for data movement and protection.

The common characteristics of edge computing

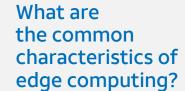
Based on the research, respondents agreed that these edgecomputing characteristics are common elements of most use cases.

Use cases are data-driven

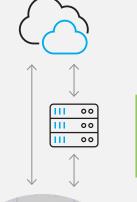
Edge computing is different from traditional computing. In edge computing, data is created and consumed at or very near the consumer or business of the specific use case. That means it's often happening outside traditional environments. In finance, edge computing can be used at a myriad of stages throughout the ecosystem. In addition to data creation and consumption, decisions are made closer to where the process occurs, resulting in better outcomes because it is personalized and near-real-time, allowing for rapid analysis and response.

The challenge is that edge data creates different security requirements. It is potentially more vulnerable and could even include physical theft if a device is stolen, lost, or damaged. The quantity and length of time that data resides on an edge device impacts the potential risk if the device ends up in the wrong hands. Informed and logical decisions need to be made about whether data should be kept on the device or transferred to other systems for further analysis or auditing.





Software defined Cloud - public or private, or on-premises



Distributed configuration Intelligence, networks, and management



Closer to user creation and consumption



Edge computing is software-defined

Edge computing changes the network and applications, driving a digital-first experience. Workloads, hosting, and applications are closer to where data is generated and consumed. This means the cybersecurity framework and requirements need to adapt.

Consider all of the aspects that create the finance experience. When data is transmitted to locations where the 4G or 5G connection is unreliable, edge computing utilizes quality of service (QoS) principles to prioritize latency-sensitive network traffic. Different traffic routes can be utilized, and less latency-sensitive network traffic can be downgraded to handle surges in network traffic. Optimized network routing capabilities are imperative for the critical time-sensitive decision-making that needs to occur.

The elastic capabilities of software-defined networking (SDN), which enables dynamic scaling of networking throughput to match varying demand levels, recalibrate during peak demand situations. Cellular networks are needed for internet connectivity. SDN can allocate more resources during peak usage: scale up for busy periods and, likewise, scale down during periods of lower activity. In addition, SDN allows for centralized network configuration, reducing costs by minimizing the time needed to configure individual devices. This improvement in operational efficiency can lead to significant cost savings.

Decision-making is closer to the data

With edge computing, the intelligence required to make decisions, the networks used to capture and transmit data, and the use case management are distributed. Distributed means things work faster because nothing is backhauled to a central processing area such as a data center and thus delivers a near-real-time experience. Rapid decision-making is also supported by machine learning powered by multi-access edge computing (MEC) devices. Some use cases rely on a mix of MEC for immediate decisions and then transmit detailed or summary findings back to a cloud environment for further processing.

The introduction of these capabilities raises concerns regarding regulatory compliance. It is important to consider whether personally identifiable information (PII) is stored away from its final destinations, such as cloud computing platforms or data center servers. If the data is being transferred from the edge site to a different location, it is crucial to ensure it remains private and encrypted throughout the process.

The Challenge

Securing it is non-linear, dynamic, and unconventional

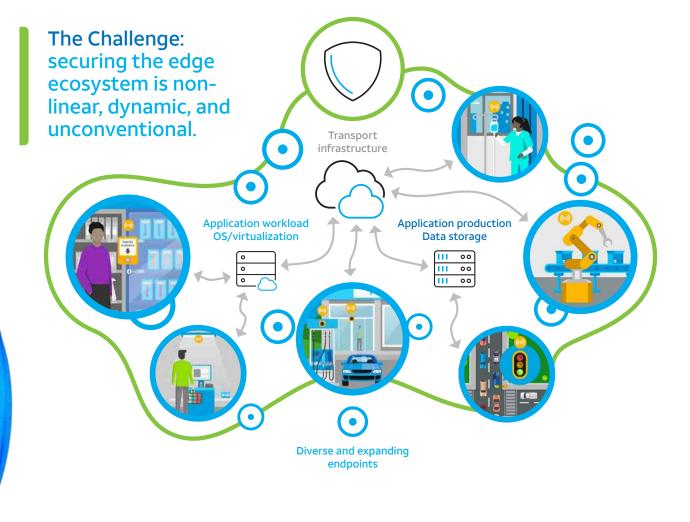
To help ensure the success of finance edge use cases, organizations should break down decades-old silos that have traditionally separated network, application development, cybersecurity, and IT operations. Cross-functional communication and collaboration are critical for successful edge-computing business outcomes. Teamwork across the organization and with trusted advisors is essential to foster innovation.

For example, getting ahead of theft by providing real-time facial recognition from the capabilities of 5G networks, such as

lower latency and inherent cybersecurity features, including network slicing and enhanced encryption. However, when 5G is unavailable and legacy 4G is utilized, organizations can build resilience into their solutions by adopting compensating controls. These may include further use of multifactor authentication (MFA), dataat-rest encryption, and SDN technologies that offer dynamic routing capabilities.

With this level of complexity, it's common to reevaluate decisions regarding security, data storage, or networking. Decisions are often revisited based on insights gained during the initial pilot stage of an edge computing use case and when consulting outside expertise.

IT and cybersecurity teams should establish a collaborative relationship to ensure all devices, including servers, computers, sensors, and robots, are regularly patched. Regular, routine, and proactive patching is critical in edge computing use cases and should be part of an overall ongoing maintenance plan.





The Opportunity **Securing the Ecosystem**

Respondents identified three key initiatives they're embracing as they evolve their edge ecosystem. These initiatives are described in the sections that follow.

Proactive investing

When examining investments in finance edge computing, the research reveals that the allocation of investments across overall strategy and planning, network, application, and security for the anticipated use cases that organizations plan to implement within three years is almost equally distributed.

Figure 2 illustrates the variation in investment allocation among the top four primary finance use cases analyzed. Overall, spending is approaching a balance not typically seen in conventional computing. Where there are differences,

it is likely tied to the requirements associated with the maturity of the use

Overall, these investment allocations highlight the dynamic nature of finance edge computing, where there is no onesize-fits-all approach.

Cross-functional collaboration

Technology-focused disciplines like IT or networking have often led prior technology revolutions. The mishaps that occurred because the consumers of the technologies were not adequately part of the planning process have caused issues. Prior technology revolutions that did not consider the consumers of the new products led to some unintended consequences, such as the proliferation of shadow computing.

% of Respondents

The same principle of collaboration applies when designing finance edge computing use cases. There are significant consequences when things go wrong for many of these use cases, such as theft, missing inventory, and loss of brand reputation. Fortunately, despite edge computing being a relatively new technological approach, a growing ecosystem of experienced edge partners can provide valuable insights and expertise.

In fact, the research reveals that 66% of finance use cases involved external firms in crucial project planning processes, and 77% relied on external expertise during production. Organizations can minimize the risk of costly mistakes using outside expertise and gain knowledge from trusted advisors implementing edge computing use cases for other clients. Taking advantage of third-party expertise is an added benefit when embarking on new types of computing, especially edge computing, where complexity is high and the margin for error is low.

Dynamic cyber resilience

Cyber-resilience is crucial, encompassing various disciplines beyond cybersecurity. While cybersecurity is a top concern, other factors should also be considered:

- Embrace network resilience as vital in supporting edge devices. such as providing a 4G backup to a private 5G network used in a route optimization use case. Edge architects should incorporate forward-thinking strategies to accommodate advancements in network technologies.
- Plan for the unexpected with edge computing. Edge computing use cases need to be built with redundancy to allow for the possible failure of endpoints or sensors. This ties back to the need for crossfunctional communication and collaboration to help with physical engineering needs that may be out of the scope of traditional computing.

Figure 2

Planned Investments for the Top 4 Finance Edge Computing Use Cases N=204 Real-time 24% 25% 23% 25% Fraud Prevention **ATM** 22% 33% 21% 19% Management Self-Service 24% **30%** 21% 21% Banking Concierge 20% 28% 29% 18% Financial Services 0% 100 % Overall strategy Network Application Security and planning







Primary use case:

Real-Time Fraud Prevention

Monitor bank accounts, financial transactions, accounting invoices, purchase orders, and other financial documents and analyze data through enriched machine learning techniques.

Business need[.]

Improve the ability to identify potentially fraudulent activity in near real-time.

Security approach:

Combine network and security functions in the cloud to help prevent phishing.









Edge Network

Connectivity

Private 5G





Fixed Location Computers Such as Kiosks





Business Email Compromise





Enhanced Mobile Broadband (embb)

Cybersecurity Approach



Combined Cybersecurity and Networking Functions in the Cloud

Prepare to Secure the Ecosystem

The 2023 AT&T Cybersecurity Insights Report reveals best practices and recommendations that finance edge computing practitioners can follow to help secure current and future use cases.

Develop your edge computing profile

It is essential to break down the barriers that typically separate the internal lines of business, application development, network, and security teams. Technology decisions should not be made in isolation but through collaboration with line-of-business partners. Understanding the capabilities and limitations of existing business and technology partners makes it easier to identify gaps in evolving project plans.

The edge ecosystem is expanding, and expertise is available to offer solutions that address cost, implementation, mitigating risks, and more. Including this expertise from the broader finance edge ecosystem increases the chances of outstanding performance and alignment with organizational goals.

Develop an investment strategy

Organizations should carefully determine where and how much to invest during finance edge use case development. Think of it as part of monetizing the use case. Building security into the use case from the start allows the organization to consider security as part of the overall budget. It's important to note that no one-size-fits-all solution can provide complete protection for all aspects of edge computing. Instead, organizations should consider a comprehensive and multilayered approach to address the unique security challenges of each use case.

Increase your compliance capabilities

Finance-related regulations can vary significantly based on economies located in different countries and even states. This underscores the importance of doing more than a simple checkbox approach. Conducting regular reviews helps ensure compliance with the growing number of regulations. Keeping up with technology-related mandates and helping to ensure compliance requires ongoing effort and expertise. If navigating compliance requirements is not within your organization's expertise, respondents report using outside help from experts.

Align resources with emerging priorities

External collaboration allows organizations to utilize expertise and reduce resource costs. It goes beyond relying solely on internal teams within the organization. It involves tapping into the expanding ecosystem of edge computing experts who offer strategic and practical guidance. Involving outside SMEs in edge computing can help prevent costly mistakes and accelerate deployment. These external experts can help optimize use case implementation, ultimately saving time and resources.

Build-in resilience

Consider approaching edge computing with a layered mindset. Take the time to ideate on various "what-if" scenarios and anticipate potential challenges. During the planning stages of development, it's crucial to analyze and address these potential disruptions thoroughly. The proof-of-concept phase is essential for uncovering any unforeseen issues before full-scale implementation. Seek input from industry peers and engage external expertise to identify common vulnerabilities and best practices. Investing time and resources can yield significant benefits in preparedness and cost savings.

Prepare for dynamic response

Edge computing is characterized by its data-driven nature, software-defined infrastructure, and distributed configuration. These key attributes highlight the dynamic nature of edge use cases, where constant data insights drive continuous improvements. By transitioning from a device-centric approach to a software-defined model, edge computing enables greater network and security component flexibility, enhancing overall resilience. The distributed configuration allows organizations to choose where data is processed and stored, providing additional options for optimizing performance and efficiency.

Conclusion

uccessful finance edge computing requires a holistic approach encompassing collaboration, compliance, resilience, and adaptability. By considering these factors and proactively engaging with the expertise available, organizations can unlock the full potential of edge computing to deliver better outcomes, operational efficiency, and costeffective solutions.

The edge ecosystem is expanding, and expertise is available to offer solutions that address cost, implementation, mitigating risks, and more. Including this expertise from the broader finance edge ecosystem increases the chances of outstanding performance and alignment with organizational goals.

About AT&T Cybersecurity

We simplify securing valuable business assets by providing broad cybersecurity experience and award-winning services for network security, extended detection and response, and endpoints. From traditional computing to edge computing, we're focused on business innovation. We help make complexity easy to understand and navigate.

By providing affordable, strategic services, our clients rely on us as trusted advisors. Our cybersecurity consulting is product neutral, so you get unbiased answers for your business. Our managed security services, threat awareness, and ground-breaking research are dedicated to help keep you protected today and prepared for tomorrow.

AT&T Cybersecurity manages the risk. You reap the reward.

Contributing Organizations













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Finance has embraced edge computing to provide more real-time information to consumers, reduce identity theft and breaches, and improve the quality of the financial experience for everyone.