

Ransomware targets Edge users

Posted: January 12, 2022 by [Mark Stockley](#)

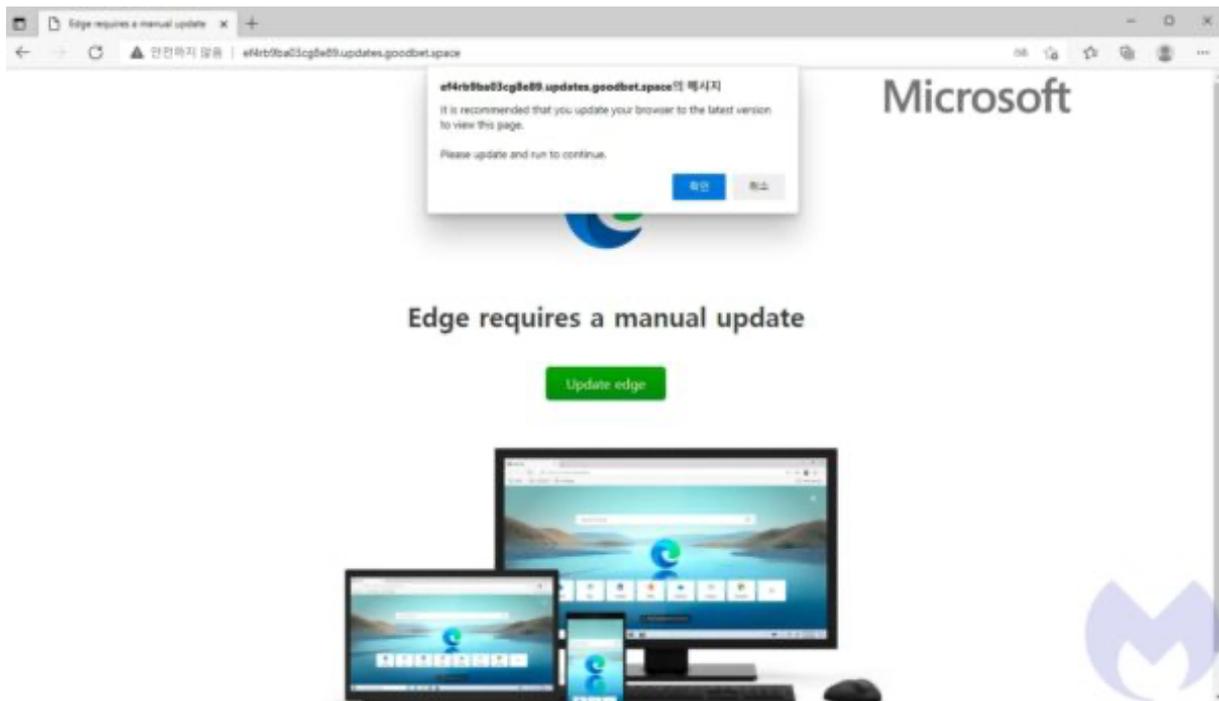
Unless you've been hiding under a rock for the last twenty years, you've probably heard the one about "keeping your software up to date". Applying software updates promptly is arguably the single most useful thing you can do to keep yourself secure online, and vendors, experts, pundits, and blogs like ours, never let users forget it!

And because it's good advice that's easy to follow, cybercriminals like to use fake software updates to con users.

Fake software updates have been a go-to tactic for getting users to download malware for many years. A convincingly-branded message that tells users they need to update their out of date software taps into all the good security messaging users have soaked up, it gives them a reason to install strange software from the Internet, and it carries exactly the right mixture of implied threat and urgency that [social engineers](#) like.

For years, fake Flash updates were a fixture of web-based malware campaigns. Flash provided just the right kind of patsy: It was famous for its security holes, and new updates were released almost every month. But with Adobe's media player a year into its [long overdue retirement](#), criminals have had to look elsewhere for a convincing cover story, and where better than perhaps the most frequently updated software of them all, the web browser? Browsers have an almost frenetic update schedule, and many users understand that installing regular updates is a normal and important part of their everyday use.

Last week, [Malwarebytes' Threat Intelligence](#) worked with [nao sec researchers](#) to investigate a recently-discovered update to the Magnitude Exploit Kit that was duping users with a fake Microsoft Edge browser update.

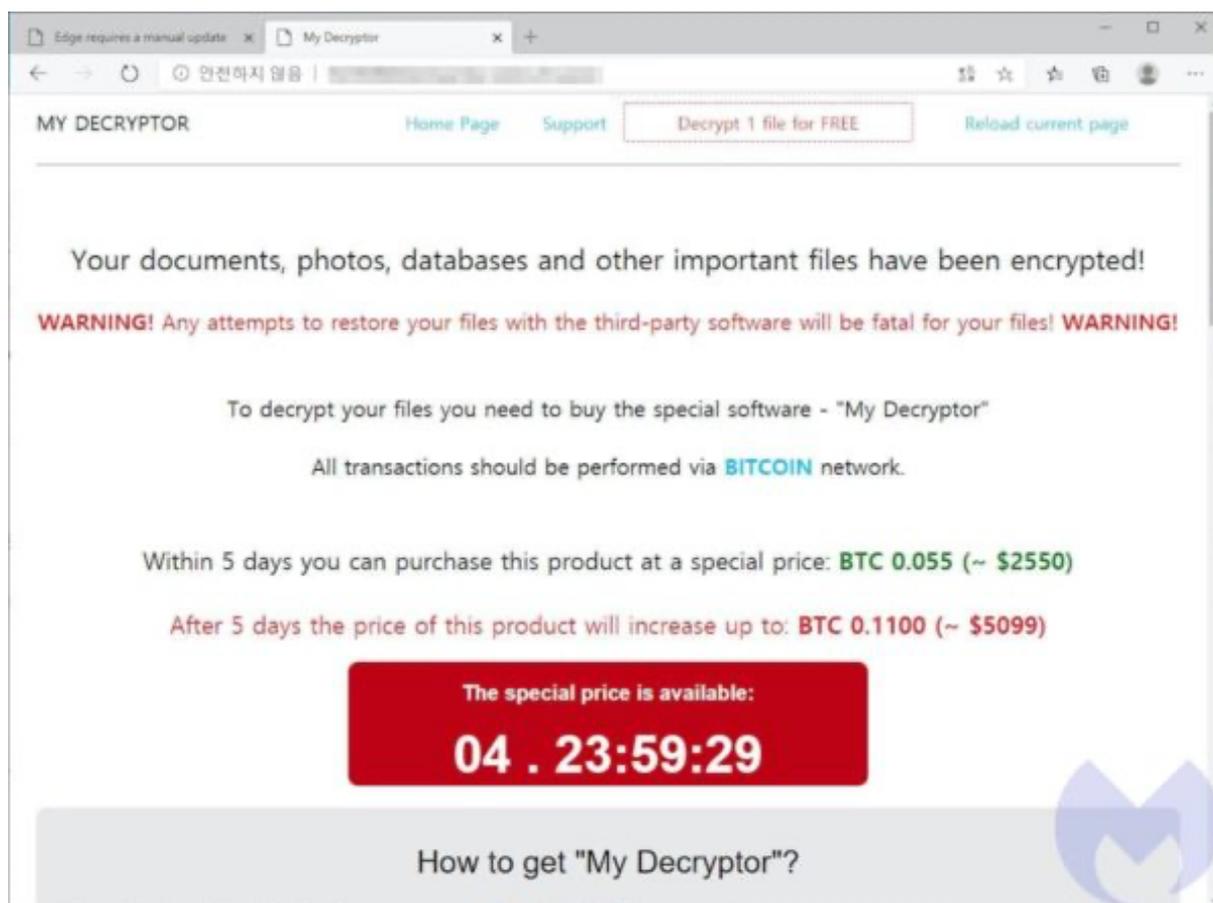


The Magnitude exploit kit offers users ransomware dressed up as Microsoft Edge

The Magnitude exploit kit uses a grab-bag of social engineering lures and exploits to attack web users and install ransomware on their computers. Although Magnitude has been used to target different geographies and deliver different kinds of ransomware in the past, these days it is strictly focussed on installing [Magniber ransomware](#) on targets in South Korea.

The fake Edge update attack flows like this:

1. A user visits an ad-heavy website and encounters a malicious ad.
2. The malicious advert redirects them to a “gate”, known as Magnigate.
3. Magnigate runs IP address and browser checks to determine if the user will be attacked.
4. If the user fits the attackers’ criteria, Magnigate redirects them to the Magnitude exploit kit landing page.
5. Based on information from Magnigate, the exploit kit chooses an attack from its collection.
6. In this case, the exploit determines the best attack is a fake Microsoft Edge update.
7. The “update” is actually a malicious Windows Application package (.appx) file.
8. The .appx file downloads Magniber ransomware from the Internet.
9. Magniber encrypts the user’s files and demands a ransom.



A Magniber ransom demand

Magnitude is regularly updated with fresh attacks, and the fake Edge update appears to have been added in the last few weeks. In the past, Magnitude has made extensive use of Flash and Internet Explorer vulnerabilities, but as the software landscape has changed it has had to adapt. In late 2021, it was seen targeting a [sandbox escape vulnerability](#) in the Chrome browser family, for example. That should be no surprise, Chrome is the most popular web browser by far and it suffered from an [unprecedented glut of zero-days](#) in 2021.

The number of problems affecting Chrome's V8 JavaScript engine suggest there may be underlying problems in that part of the browser, and we fully expect that the near-term future of exploit kits will be Chrome exploits. However, that won't stop exploit kits from taking advantage of other tactics, like fake updates, where they're more likely to succeed.

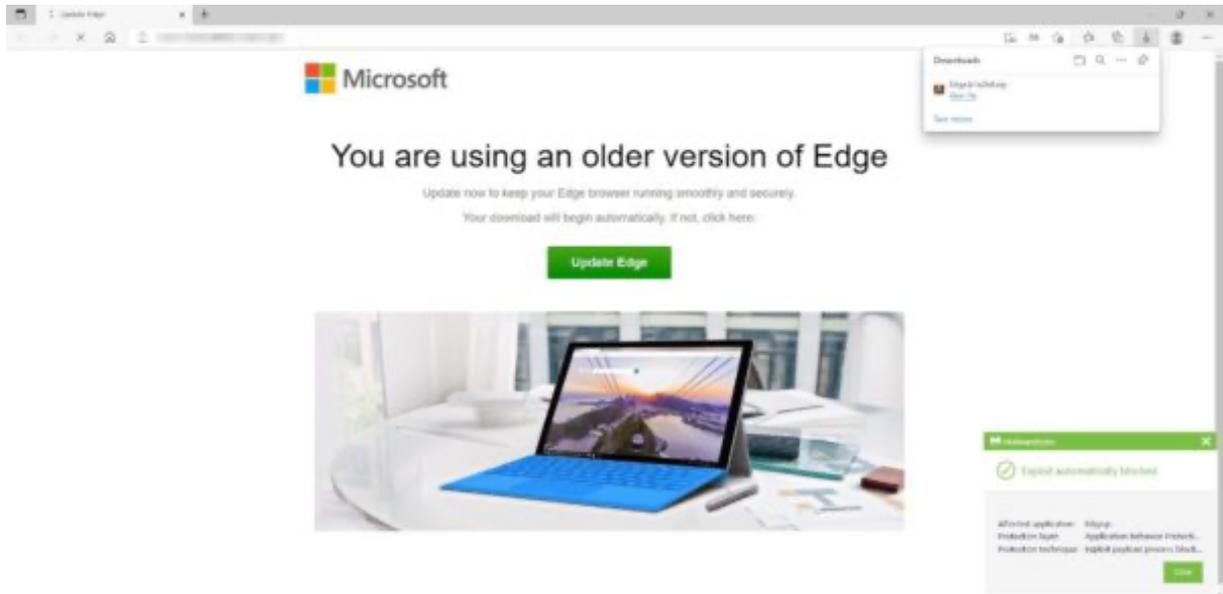
Although Edge is based on the same browser as Chrome, uses the same V8 JavaScript engine, and is vulnerable to the same exploits, those exploits will only work on browsers that are out of date. And since browsers are pretty good at installing updates, Magnitude also needs attacks that work against fully updated browsers.

The irony is that the users most likely to run into an attack telling them they need to update their browser are the ones who already have.

If you want to know what version of Edge you're running and if there are updates available, we suggest you follow the [official guidance](#) from Microsoft:

1. Open Edge, select **Settings and more**, and then select **Settings**.
2. Scroll down and select **About Microsoft Edge**.

Malwarebytes blocks Magniber ransomware.



Malwarebytes blocks a Magniber ransomware download